# Amersham ImageQuant 800 biomolecular imager 

IMAGING SYSTEMS, SOFTWARE, AND ACCESSORIES

ImageQuant ${ }^{\text {TM }} 800$ systems are a new generation of highly sensitive and robust charge-coupled device (CCD) imagers for capture of high-quality images in life science applications (Fig 1). This new range of systems is ideal for chemiluminescence, fluorescence, and colorimetric imaging of a wide variety of samples, including gels, membrane blots, multiwell plates, and petri dishes. Improved optics along with the new SNOW ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ (signal-to-noise optimization watch) detection mode allows users to increase both sensitivity and image quality. The system combines an intuitive control software along with ImageQuant CONNECT software, a connection tool which allows access to the imager from remote locations over the network.

## Key benefits of ImageQuant $\mathbf{8 0 0}$ systems

- Sensitivity and image quality: Detect both the weakest and strongest bands without compromising quality using the novel SNOW imaging mode. A Fujifilm ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ large aperture lens with improved transmission combined with a high-resolution CCD detector allows for unmatched image quality and sensitivity.
- Versatility: The system works for a variety of applications and samples, making it ideal for multi-user labs. Now you can image across the full spectrum, including infrared (IR) long and IR short wavelengths ( 650 to 850 nm ). Acquire color marker images automatically with blots, and image multiwell plates and petri dishes with our special accessories designed for artifact-free imaging.
- Flexibility: A built-in touchscreen and mini external computer result in a small footprint without compromising flexibility. Use the ImageQuant CONNECT software to remotely check the status of systems in the facility and reserve imagers for your experiments.


Fig 1. The ImageQuant 800 imaging system comes equipped with touchscreen, two tray positions, and easy-access filter door.

## System description

ImageQuant 800 systems are equipped with a large, bright 12.1-inch touchscreen, dark sample cabinet with two tray positions, cooled CCD-based camera system, filter wheel, and light-emitting diode (LED) light sources. The system is controlled using a mini external computer which neatly fits at the rear of the system (Fig 2), reducing footprint without compromising functionality-ideal for multi-user labs with limited bench space. ImageQuant 800 systems have an easy-access side filter door for users to add their own customized fluorescent filters based on specific application needs.

| Applications | Light sources | ImageQuant 800 | ImageQuant 800 UV | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ImageQuant } \\ & 800 \text { OD } \end{aligned}$ | ImageQuant 800 Fluor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chemiluminescence with color marker overlay | n/a | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Gel documentation | Epi-white | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Stained gels | Epi-UV |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Optical density (OD) measurements | Trans-white |  |  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| RGB fluorescence imaging of blots | Epi-RGB |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |
| IR short and IR long fluorescence imaging of blots | Epi-IR short, Epi-IR Iong |  |  |  | $\checkmark$ |



Fig 2. There is a mini external computer attached to the back of the ImageQuant 800 imager, reducing the footprint without compromising functionality.

## Light sources

With pre-set LED light sources and filters, ImageQuant 800 systems can be used for a wide variety of applications. The different models are fully upgradable between one another and choosing light sources and filters is also flexible (Table 1). All configurations are capable of chemiluminescence with color marker imaging, along with gel documentation applications. Other models include: trans-white for optical density measurements; ultraviolet (UV) and/or red, green, and blue (RGB); and IR short and IR long epi-illumination for fluorescence detection. Optical density measurements are factory calibrated for quantitation when used in colorimetric staining applications.

## Schedule experiments and access your system remotely using ImageQuant CONNECT

Amersham ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ ImageQuant 800 systems are not only sensitive and versatile, they are also easy to use with convenient, time-saving features like the on-board scheduler and ImageQuant CONNECT software (Figs 3-5). Using this tool, you can view system status, plan your experiments, and download images stored on the system remotely from your office via the local area network connection.


Fig 3. Use ImageQuant CONNECT software from your office to access images and the scheduler tool on board the instrument.


Fig 4. The ImageQuant CONNECT tool can be used to view the status of all the Amersham ImageQuant 800 instruments connected to the same local network in your facility. This capability allows you to choose an available instrument and plan your experiments.


Fig 5. Perfect for a busy multi-user lab environment, the on-board scheduler application can be used to block time on the instrument to plan and run your experiment. Easily access the scheduler from your office via the remote ImageQuant CONNECT software to view and manage bookings.

## Flexible upgrade paths

Each ImageQuant 800 model can be upgraded to include additional functions (Table 2). The upgrade path has been designed to offer maximum flexibility.

Table 2. Modules available for ImageQuant 800 system upgrades

| Upgrade module | Function |
| :--- | :--- |
| UV | Adds UV fluorescence functionality <br> to ImageQuant 800 imager |
| OD | Adds OD functionality to ImageQuant <br> 800 UV imager |
| RGB | Adds RGB fluorescence functionality to <br> ImageQuant 800 UV or ImageQuant |
| 800 OD imagers |  |

## Optics and CCD sensor

ImageQuant 800 systems are fitted with a specially developed F 0.74 lens by Fujifilm (Fig 6). The large aperture lens was designed to enhance sensitivity for scientific applications such as chemiluminescence. The glass material used in the lens allows for up to two times higher transmittance of light (depending on wavelength), making it ideal for chemiluminescence imaging (Fig 7).


Fig 6. The large aperture Fujifilm lens of the Amersham ImageQuant 800 imager.


Fig 7. The use of new glass lens material in ImageQuant 800 has improved transmittance compared to previous Amersham imagers, particularly in the chemiluminescence wavelength range around 420 nm .

ImageQuant 800 systems come equipped with an 8.3 megapixel CCD chip that is ideal for imaging applications with long exposure times, such as chemiluminescence or weak signals from fluorescence. Additionally, on-chip binning provides maximum flexibility to achieve resolution and sensitivity.

As electric charge fills the pixels on the CCD chip, it is transferred to the serial register and read by converting the charge into a number that can be understood by the computer. During the readout process, signal is measured, and the presence of electrical noise causes variations in the measurement results. To reduce noise, ImageQuant 800 systems have a patented CCD technique developed by Fujifilm to improve the readout rates of electrons.

## SNOW imaging mode for exceptional sensitivity and image quality

ImageQuant 800 is equipped with the SNOW imaging option, a novel exposure mode which allows users to achieve high sensitivity and unmatched image quality. Before the SNOW imaging mode was developed, exposure times in imaging systems have been set to either avoid saturation (e.g., high expression proteins) or maximize faint signals, limiting the dynamic range. Additionally, the variance of chemiluminescence signals over time often requires time-consuming optimization and analysis of images in time series.

SNOW detection mode captures several images at shorter exposure times, thereby avoiding saturation, and averages these images in real time to reduce noise. Users can follow the progress as the image updates continuously. The signal-to-noise ratio improvement for your selected region of interest is also updated in real time. Furthermore, the SNOW imaging mode can be set to stop when the maximum signal-to-noise ratio is achieved (Figs 8-9).


Fig 8. Observe how image quality improves in real time on the ImageQuant 800 system in SNOW exposure mode. The SNOW control window shows continuous image updates and the progression of signal-to-noise ratio improvement for your selected region of interest. The SNOW exposure mode can be set to stop automatically or by the user.

## Key benefits of SNOW imaging mode

- Achieve high sensitivity without compromising on resolution
- Detect more weak bands without saturating other bands in the blot
- Extend the linear dynamic range by avoiding saturation
- Auto-stop when the best possible image is acquired
- Eliminate time spent optimizing exposure time or capture setting


Long exposure Amersham ImageQuant 800 (exposure time 93 s)


Fig 9. Intelligent SNOW detection algorithm in chemiluminescence mode dramatically improved the dynamic range and image quality by imaging weak bands without saturation of high intensity bands, enabling accurate quantitation of both strong and weak bands.

Sample:
Membrane:
Primary antibody:
Secondary antibody: Blocking buffer: Chemiluminescence detection reagent: Imaging:

Tray position:
Binning:

Bovine serum albumin
Amersham Hybond ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ P PVDF 0.2
Monoclonal anti-BSA antibody produced in mouse 1:25 000
Anti-mouse IgG-1:300 000
Western blot blocking buffer (fish gelatin)

ECL Select (RPN2235)
SNOW in chemiluminescence mode
on Amersham ImageQuant 800
Upper
Default, $5 \times 5$

SNOW imaging allows the users to simply place samples into an ImageQuant 800 system and be confident that the best quality image will be acquired automatically. The noise-reduction algorithm built into the SNOW imaging mode helps achieve the highest sensitivity when you need it.

## Sharp images

ImageQuant 800 systems with the 8.3 megapixel CCD chip allow users to capture high-resolution images of gels and blots (Fig 10).

ImageQuant 800 lower position


ImageQuant 800 upper position


Fig 10. Epi-white imaging results in high-resolution images with excellent resolution. The four line-pair per mm pattern in a resolution test chart \#2 (Applied Image, Inc.) shows clearly separated lines in both the lower and upper tray positions. The field of view in the upper position is $80 \times 110 \mathrm{~mm}$ compared to $160 \times 220 \mathrm{~mm}$ in the lower position.

Binning is a method of combining several pixels into a larger pixel during readout of the CCD sensor. The greater light-receiving area of a combined pixel enhances sensitivity. ImageQuant 800 systems are capable of seven different types of binning options from $1 \times 1$ (no binning), $2 \times 2,3 \times 3,4 \times 4,5 \times 5,8 \times 8$, and $16 \times 16$, providing users with the widest range of options based on application need (Fig 11). SNOW imaging makes it possible to look for the weakest bands, even with no ( $1 \times 1$ ) binning.


Fig 11. The CCD detector of ImageQuant 800 imager allows for on-chip binning. Default settings ( $5 \times 5$ for upper and $3 \times 3$ for lower tray position in chemiluminescence mode) can easily be changed using the slider. Low binning levels improve the resolution and high binning leads to shorter exposure times.

## Versatility

ImageQuant 800 systems are truly adaptable, allowing users to image not only gels and blots but a wide variety of samples (Fig 12). This versatility makes an ImageQuant 800 imager ideal for multi-user environments accommodating many different types of samples and applications. Special accessories, such as the non-parallax (NP) lens, allow users to get artifact-free chemiluminescence images of petri dishes and multiwell plates (Figs 13-14).


Fig 12. The Amersham ImageQuant 800 images a wide variety of different samples in multiple imaging modes.


Fig 13. Use NP lens to avoid optical artifacts (also called parallax errors). This also avoids shadows caused by wells of the multiwell plates.


Fig 14. A chemiluminescent solution (ECL Select, $100 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ per well) in a transparent 96 -well plate (Corning ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ ) shows that the NP lens enables artifact-free imaging. Distortions and obscured imaging, and subsequently higher variation in the analysis, is evident in corner wells without the NP lens.

## Imaging across the full spectrum

The ImageQuant 800 Fluor model is equipped with six different types of LED lights and filters so users can image across the full spectrum with various dyes (Figs 15-16). This system also provides users with the added flexibility of modifying LED light and filter combinations within the software, allowing for imaging various dyes with different excitation and emission wavelengths. Furthermore, the conveniently located side access door can be used to easily set up and accommodate custom filters from third parties.


Fig 15. Image across the full spectrum with the different LED light sources of the ImageQuant 800 Fluor imager.


Fig 16. Follow the guided steps on the ImageQuant 800 software to easily set up custom filters or new LED-filter combinations for new dyes.

## Applications

## Chemiluminescence Western blot detection

Quantitative Western blotting requires a signal response that is proportional to the amount of protein present in a sample. A broad dynamic range with linear response allows you to simultaneously quantitate both high and low levels of proteins. The combination of Amersham ImageQuant 800 with either Amersham ECL ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Prime or Amersham ECL Select ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ detection reagent results in a limit of detection in the nanogram range and excellent dynamic range (Fig 17).


Fig 17. Amersham ImageQuant 800 imager exhibits excellent linear dynamic range. In this example, imaging of a calibrated luminescence plate in lower tray position, which emitted light power in the range 1 pW to 1 nW , showed linear response in recorded signal over the entire dynamic range. The inset image shows the $1 \mathrm{pW}, 10 \mathrm{pW}, 100 \mathrm{pW}$, and 1 nW light diodes $(2,4$, and 8 pW not shown).


Color


Epi UV fluorescence


Fig 18. Different imaging modes are available for imaging of colonies on petri dishes. Optical density measurements (left) provide a direct measurement of the OD of each colony. It is also possible to get color images (middle) and do epi-fluorescence imaging. For example, UV-imaging (right) was done to capture the auto-fluorescence of the cells. With the NP lens accessory, chemiluminescence imaging is also possible using an ImageQuant 800 imager.

## Fluorescent Imaging

The Amersham ImageQuant 800 imager combined with Amersham ECL Plex ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Western blotting detection system (Cy ${ }^{\text {TM }} 3$ and Cy5) and Amersham CyDye ${ }^{\text {TM }} 700$ and 800 antibodies provide high-quality data in applications that demand high sensitivity over a wide dynamic range. With the addition of IR-short and IR-Iong capabilities, it is a suitable system for a wide range of multiplexing applications, such as the detection of several proteins at the same time or different proteins of similar size (Fig 19).


Fig 19. Three-color overlay image of Western blot nitrocellulose membrane. Target ERK proteins were detected using an IR long (red) LED-filter combination and GAPDH detection used an IR short channel (green). Lysates were pre-labeled with Cy3 (blue).

| Sample: | CHO cell lysate in the range $16-24 \mu \mathrm{~g}$ was loaded in <br> each lane |
| :--- | :--- |
| Membrane: | nitrocellulose from Cytiva |



Fig 20. Dilution of Cy5 labeled antibody (Cytiva) separated on an SDS gel under reducing conditions and subsequently blotted to a polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membrane $(0.45 \mu \mathrm{~m})$ in a Western blot experiment. The ImageQuant 800 image show good linearity over three orders of magnitude. Furthermore, we also observed that highest resolution $(1 \times 1)$ could be used in SNOW mode ( 78 s ) resulting in the same sensitivity (limits of detection [LOD] indicated by arrow -19 pg ) as default binning in auto mode (data not shown).


Fig 21. ImageQuant 800 system used for validating host cell protein (HCP) ELISAs with coverage assays, an essential part of biologics risk management. Coverage analysis by 2D differential in blot electrophoresis (DIBE ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ technology) uses CyDye labeled HCPs and bound anti-HCP antibodies visualized through a CyDye secondary detection reagent. The HCPs and bound antibodies are detected in distinct channels on the same membrane, which reduces risk of misinterpretation and improves accuracy. Comparing the anti-HCP antibody signal to the total HCP present by identifying the matching spots provides an estimate of antibody-to-HCP coverage.

Sample:
Membrane:
Primary Ab:
Blocking:
Detection reagents:
Imaging method: Binning:

CHO cell lysate
PVDF $0.45 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ pore size
DIBE ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ CHO K1 HCP antibody 1:2000
DIBE blocking buffer
DIBE detection reagent Cy5 1:10 000
Fluorescence Cy3 and Cy5 manual mode $1 \times 1$

## Effortlessly resolving target proteins from other proteins of similar molecular weight

Proteins may be visualized by treating a gel with a total protein stain after performing 1D or 2D electrophoresis. The most commonly used stain is Coomassie ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ blue. The high-resolution camera in the Amersham ImageQuant 800 system can resolve even the most closely spaced bands, allowing accurate quantitation for critical applications (Fig 22).


Fig 22. Colorimetric imaging with Amersham ImageQuant 800 imager results in high-resolution images for the most demanding applications. The zoom in of the Coomassie stained gels shows that it is possible to resolve bands on a gel which are only 0.5 mm apart. To be able to differentiate these bands was critical for research on self-cleaving tags.

## Capture images from a wide variety of samples using the Amersham ImageQuant 800 system

With the new NP lens accessory, you can image multiwell plates with chemiluminescence assays with ease on the Amersham ImageQuant 800 system. The NP Iens accessory eliminates parallax errors when using multiwell plates.



Fig 23. Amersham ImageQuant 800 imager and ImageQuant TL analysis software allows for a quick evaluation of HCP from CHO cells using the HCPQuant ELISA kit. Serial $1 \not 22$ dilutions of CHO cell lysates were detected using the HCPQuant ELISA kit. The white-light image (top left) shows the yellow color change upon detection of HCP proteins from CHO cells. If suitable reference samples are included on the plate, array analysis in ImageQuant TL (top right) and standard curve analysis can be used to determine the amount of host cell proteins.

The ability to image not only gels and blots but a wide variety of samples with the Amersham ImageQuant 800 system makes this an adaptable option for multi-user lab environments with varying application needs.


Fig 24. Dendrobium nobile orchid was imaged in the ImageQuant 800 system using different LED and filter combinations. Parts of the flower were seen to fluoresce under different excitation wavelengths. In this figure, we see the intricate vein-like pattern on the tips of the sepals' fluorescence under 635 nm excitation (red) wavelength. The lips of the flower fluoresce strongly in the 535 nm wavelength (green).

## DNA imaging

Amersham ImageQuant 800 is designed for imaging of stained DNA in agarose gels, using either epi-UV or blue LED illumination, depending on the dye stain used. Thus, the user has full flexibility to choose the stain of choice, for example ethidium bromide, GelRed ${ }^{\text {TM }}$, or SYBR ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Green. Take advantage of the excellent resolution of ImageQuant 800 to separate close-lying bands, and to identify small shifts in band positions which indicate chemical or physical changes of the DNA.


Fig 25. A high-resolution $1 \times 1$ no binning image of different DNA vectors and ladders (all samples from Thermo Fisher Scientific).

Samples:

| lane 1: | Forward DNA ladder |
| :--- | :--- |
| lane 2: | pcDNA3.1 |
| lane 3: | pUC19 |
| lane 4: | GeneRuler™ DNA ladder |
|  | $0.7 \%$ agarose |
|  | GelRed nucleic acid gel stain |
|  | epi-UV (365 nm) and Cy3 (UV) BP filter |
|  | $1 \times 1$ |

## Technical specifications

Table 3. Technical features of Amersham ImageQuant 800 models

| Description | ImageQuant 800 | ImageQuant 800 UV |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ImageQuant 800 OD $\quad$ ImageQuant 800 Fluor

## Ordering information

Amersham ImageQuant 800 instrument only (PC not included)

| Description | Product code |
| :--- | ---: |
| Amersham ImageQuant 800 | 29399481 |
| Amersham ImageQuant 800 UV | 29399482 |
| Amersham ImageQuant 800 OD | 29399483 |
| Amersham ImageQuant 800 Fluor | 29399484 |

External mini computer + PC accessories for ImageQuant 800
Description Product code
ImageQuant 800 Mini PC \& accessories 29428373

Optional accessories

| Description | Product code |
| :--- | ---: |
| Amersham IQ 800 NP Lens | 29399489 |
| Amersham IQ 800 Custom filter holder | 29399495 |

Upgrade modules*

| Description | Product code |
| :--- | ---: |
| IQ 800 UV module | 29424275 |
| IQ 800 OD module | 29424276 |
| IQ 800 RGB module | 29424277 |
| IQ 800 NIR module | 29424278 |

* OD, RGB, and NIR modules are available only for ImageQuant 800 UV configuration or above. Service charges are additional. Please contact your sales representative for more details.

Extended warranty and service offerings
Description Product code

| Amersham IQ 80024 Month Warranty | 29435661 |
| :--- | ---: |
| (12 Month Ext.) No PM incl | 29435663 |
| Amersham IQ 800 36 Month Warranty |  |
| (24 Month Ext.) No PM incl |  |
| Amersham IQ 800 60 Month Warranty | 29435665 |
| (48 Month Ext.) No PM incl |  |

## Additional Software

Description Product code
ImageQuant TL 8.2, Node-locked license 29291744

IQ/OQ Offering

| Description | Product code |
| :--- | ---: |
| IQ/OQ Amersham ImageQuant 800 | 29441929 |
| IQ/OQ Amersham ImageQuant 800 UV | 29441930 |
| IQ/OQ Amersham ImageQuant 800 OD | 29441931 |
| IQ/OQ Amersham ImageQuant 800 Fluor | 29441932 |
| IQ/OQ Performance (1 Day) | 28992654 |

## Related products

Amersham ECL Reagents, markers and total protein stain

| Description | Product code |
| :--- | ---: |
| Amersham ECL Prime Western blotting detection <br> reagent $2 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL}$ | RPN2232 |
| Amersham ECL Prime Western blotting detection <br> reagent $2 \times 150 \mathrm{~mL}$ | RPN2236 |
| Amersham ECL Prime Blocking Reagent 40 g |  |$\quad$| RPN418 |
| :--- |
| Amersham ECL Select Western blotting <br> reagent $2 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL}$ |
| ECL Plex Western Blotting Combination Pack <br> (Cy3, Cy5, Amersham Protran Premium 0.45) |

## Amersham IR dyes

| Description | Product code |
| :--- | ---: |
| Amersham CyDye 700 goat-anti-mouse $(0.1 \mathrm{mg})$ | 29360784 |
| Amersham CyDye 700 goat-anti-rabbit $(0.1 \mathrm{mg})$ | 29360786 |
| Amersham CyDye 800 goat-anti-mouse $(0.1 \mathrm{mg})$ | 29360788 |
| Amersham CyDye 800 goat-anti-rabbit $(0.1 \mathrm{mg})$ | 29360790 |

Amersham Western blotting membranesnitrocellulose (NC) and PVDF

Description Product code

| Amersham Protran ${ }^{\text {TM }} 0.45$ NC $300 \mathrm{~mm} \times 4 \mathrm{~m}$ | 10600002 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Amersham Protran 0.2 NC $300 \mathrm{~mm} \times 4 \mathrm{~m}$ | 10600001 |
| Amersham Protran Premium 0.45 NC $300 \mathrm{~mm} \times 4 \mathrm{~m}$ roll 1/PK | 10600003 |
| Amersham Protran Premium 0.2 NC $300 \mathrm{~mm} \times 4 \mathrm{~m}$ roll 1/PK | 10600004 |
| Amersham Protran 82 mm 50/PK | 10401116 |
| Amersham Protran Premium Sandwich $0.45 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ NC + 3MM Chr Paper $80 \mathrm{~mm} \times 90 \mathrm{~mm} 10+20 / \mathrm{PK}$ | 10600117 |

## Others

Description Product code
Amersham HCP DIBE CHO 29402111

Western blotting consumables are available in other pack sizes and dimensions. Please contact your sales representative for more information.

## cytiva.com/IQ800

For local office contact information, visit cytiva.com/contact
Cytiva and the Drop logo are trademarks of Global Life Sciences IP Holdco LLC or an affiliate. Amersham, Cy, CyDye, DIBE, ECL, ECL Plex, ECL Select, ImageQuant, Hybond, Protran, and SNOW are trademarks of Global Life Sciences Solutions USA LLC or an affiliate doing business as Cytiva
Coomassie, GeneRuler, and SYBR are trademarks of Thermo Fisher Scientific Corning is a trademark of Corning Incorporated. Fujifilm is a trademark of Fujifilm Corporation. GelRed is a trademark of Biotium. Windows is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation.
All components of the Amersham HCP DIBE CHO product (product code 29398892) are manufactured exclusively by Rockland Immunochemicals, Inc.
All other third-party trademarks are the property of their respective owners.
CyDye: The purchase of CyDye products includes a limited license to use the
CyDye products for internal research and development but not for any commercial purposes. A license to use the Cy and CyDye trademarks for commercial purposes is subject to a separate license agreement with Cytiva. Commercial use shall include: 1. Sale, lease, license or other transfer of the material or any material derived or produced from it. 2. Sale, lease, license or other grant of rights to use this material or any material derived or produced from it. 3. Use of this material to perform services for a fee for third parties, including contract research and drug screening If you require a commercial license to use the Cy and CyDye trademarks please contact LSlicensing@cytiva.com.
© 2019-2020 Cytiva
All goods and services are sold subject to the terms and conditions of sale of the supplying company operating within the Cytiva business. A copy of those terms and conditions is available on request. Contact your local Cytiva representative for the most current information.
DeltaVision OMX is a Class 1 laser product.

